

Hon. Modesto C. Ortiz is officially declared on the G. O. P. ticket. Somebody please page Judge Mann.

13

is not an unlucky number in
Sunday school conventions.
This one is a winner.

The Evening Herald

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS

WHY

was the official G. O.
P. ticket conceded
from the boys last
night? Search us!

TRIBUNE-CITIZEN,
Vol. 26, No. 54.

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1914.

THE EVENING HERALD
VOL. 4, NO. 176.

CRISIS AT HAND IN HOMERIC STRUGGLE IN FRANCE

Military Experts Today Agree That End Must Come Quickly Under Tremendous Strain of Unprecedented Battle

Russian Army Advances Into Hungary With Austrian Troops in Flight

HAND TO HAND
FIGHTING IS
CONSTANT
ALL ALONG
BATTLE
LINE

Even Official Reports Begin
to Reflect Something of
Most Terrible Slaughter in
History of Mankind.

GERMANS IN REPEATED
DESPERATE ATTACKS

French Official Statement
Makes no Claim of Gains To-
day While English and Ger-
man War Offices are Silent.

London, Sept. 29 (11:25 p. m.)—The eighteenth day of the battle of the Aisne thus far has brought no decisive result, but all indications continue to point to an approaching end of the Homeric struggle. Hand to hand fighting, now raging with such fury, is bound, it is generally held, to decide the issue.

All that the public is permitted to know to the allies' side is that as for the British and French armies have held their grip on their positions and have consistently thrown back the masses of Germans who have been bravely and incessantly hurled on them in an effort to break through the human barrier.

In Berlin it is asserted that there is no change in the situation and the claim of the allies that the scales have turned slightly in their favor is stoutly denied.

The losses of the opposing armies in the last few days of the combat have been colossal. Even the official reports contain a gruesome picture of thousands of dead and wounded lying in the fire-swept zone between the two armies and every fresh assault is adding to the ghastly litter.

It now seems to be officially admitted at Budapest that the Russians have secured a good foothold on Hungarian soil, having crossed the frontier in the Ungarh district in considerable strength.

OFFICIAL REPORT CONFIRMS
RUSSIANS IN HUNGARY

London, Sept. 29 (11:25 p. m.)—An official communication issued at Budapest, according to a Rome dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company, admits that the Russians have succeeded in crossing the Hungarian frontier at several points in the Ungarh district, despite the fact that reinforcements have been sent against them.

Ungarh is a county in the northeast part of Hungary.

BRITISH AND GERMAN
PRISONERS TO BE EXCHANGED

London, Sept. 29 (11:25 p. m.)—The British and German prisoners have begun exchanging lists of prisoners of war. This is being done through Walter H. Page, the American ambassador in London, and is preparatory to arranging an actual exchange of prisoners.

The first lists passed through the American embassy today. They were not very extended, but additional lists are expected shortly.

Up to the present time these exchanges have been arranged only for women and children and men over 55 years or less than 18 years old, or those physically disabled. The war office promises a speedy publication of the lists of English prisoners in Germany to relieve the anxiety of relatives.

TERIFFIC GERMAN ATTACKS
ON ALLIES' LEFT REPULSED

Paris, Sept. 29 (11:25 p. m.)—"On our left wing along the river Somme," says the French official statement issued this afternoon, "the Germans

NEW MEXICO MAN HAS DISCOVERED A NEW COMET

Professor Haggerty of Agri-
cultural College Reports to
Harvard Observatory Find-
ing New Celestial Visitor.

Cambridge, Mass., Sept. 29.—
The discovery of a new comet by
Prof. Clarence T. Haggerty of the
New Mexico College of Agricul-
ture and Mechanical Arts was
announced by the Harvard col-
lege observatory today. A tele-
gram from Prof. Haggerty to the
observatory said that the comet
was visible to the naked eye and
gave its position as right ascen-
sion, nothing hours, five minutes,
declination minus 45 degrees at
11:20 p. m., September 23.

attempted numerous attacks which
the allies repulsed.

The text of the statement is as follows:

"First: On our left wing, to the north of the Somme and between the Somme and the Oise, the enemy both by day and by night delivered several attacks which have, however, been repulsed. To the north of the Aisne there has been no change.

"Second: On the center in Cham-
pagne, and to the east of the Ar-
gonne, the enemy has restricted his
activities to heavy bombing. Be-
tween the Argonne and the Meuse
there has been slight progress on the
part of our troops, who are confront-
ed by strongly organized positions.

"On the heights of the Meuse, in the
Woevre district and on our right
wing, in Lorraine and to the Vosges,
there has been no notable modification
in the situation.

"Generally speaking, our line runs
from the east to the west through
the region of Pont-aux-Mousson, Aper-
mont and the Meuse, to the south-
east of Verdun. Between Verdun
and Rethim, the general front is indi-
cated by a line passing through the
region of Varennes, to the north of
Soissons and the Roman roadway
which runs into Rethim, the outposts
of Rethim, the road from Rethim to
Bapaume, the heights known as
the Chemin des Dames.

"On the right bank of the Aisne
this line then draws near to the
Aisne and continues into the region
of Soissons. Between Soissons and
the forest of L'Aigle it runs over the
first plateau of the right bank of the
Aisne. Between the Oise and the
Somme this line runs along the front
from Ribecourt (which belongs to us),
to Laissigny (occupied by the enemy),
to Roie (which belongs to us) and to
Chaulnes (in the possession of the
enemy).

"To the north of the Somme the
line continues along the plateau be-
tween Albert and Combles.

"We again took many prisoners
during the day of yesterday. They
belong principally to the seventh active
corps and the seventh reserve
corps of the Germans, and also to the
tenth, twelfth, fifteenth and nineteenth
German army corps."

GERMANS WRECK ANOTHER
BELGIAN CITY TODAY

London, Sept. 29 (11:40 p. m.)—In
a dispatch from Antwerp the corre-
spondent of the Evening News says
the shelling of Malines, Belgium, by
the Germans continued throughout
last night. Most of the streets are
encumbered with the wreckage of
burned buildings.

Cardinal Mercier left Malines at
half past six yesterday evening. The
few remaining inhabitants also left
the city yesterday.

GERMAN MERCHANTS DEMAND
WAR GO ON TO VICTORY

Berlin, Sept. 29, via Wireless to
Sayville, L. I.—The German report
on the sinking in the North sea of
the British cruisers *Ambuscade*, *Cressy* and *Hogue* by the German submarine
U-8 declares that the entire engage-
ment lasted one hour. The British
cruisers did not fire a single shot.
Contrary to English reports the U-8
was alone in this engagement. The
British destroyers chased the U-8 until
darkness fell but were not success-
ful in catching her.

News has been given out that the
German cruiser *Emden*, after sink-
ing five British merchant steamers in
the Gulf of Bengal, destroyed
a naval oil tank steamer at Madras.
Other information made public in

The Famous Casino at Monte Carlo Yesterday Reported Converted
Into a Great Hospital.



EUROPE LOOKS TO UNCLE SAM AS WORLD ARBITER

England Foresees Time When
United States can Step For-
ward with Offers of Media-
tion.

OUR CONSUL AT RHEIMS
LIVES IN WINE CELLAR

Bardel Sticks to Post and
Takes up Residence with
Family 100 Feet Under-
ground. To Restore Lou-
vain Liberty.

London, Sept. 29 (11:25 p. m.)—
Since President Wilson made his
statement that peace overtures were
premature at this time, English offi-
cials have left resolute and their
new express confidence that the
United States will at the proper time
exert its good offices to bring the war
to a close under conditions insuring
a permanent peace in Europe.

High officials today expressed confi-
dence that the United States, after
the continental combatants had be-
come somewhat exhausted by the
struggle, could exert a powerful in-
fluence for peace and make it pos-
sible to negotiate a treaty which
would require European nations to
submit their future differences to the
United States for arbitration, thus
making a resurgence of the war im-
possible.

BELGIAN COMMISSION
TO SAIL FOR HOME

New York, Sept. 29—The Belgian
commission appointed to place before
President Wilson alleged instances
of German atrocities in Bel-
gium, will sail for home tomorrow on
the White Star liner *Adriatic*.

CONSUL BARDEL ONLY
AMERICAN LEFT AT RHEIMS

Paris, Sept. 29 (11:40 p. m.)—Wil-
liam Bardel, the American consul at
Rheims; his wife, daughter and son,
the only Americans left in the
French city.

They have spent most of the time
during the last two weeks in a wine
cellar 100 feet under ground, the

(Continued on Page Two.)

Today's War Summary

The terrific battle now in its
eighteenth day, in the Aisne dis-
trict to the north of Paris, con-
tinues to rage, but its violence
is generally held to portend a
decisive result in the near future.

Furious hand to hand fighting is
going on and the losses to both
the allied and the german ar-
mies are enormous.

Several times the Germans
brought their masses of troops
against the French left wing, but
in every case they were repulsed,
according to the official state-
ment issued by the French war
department this afternoon. In
the center it is asserted, a heavy
bombardment is going on, while
between the Argonne forest and the
river Meuse the allies have
made some progress.

The German general staff, Ber-
lin, advises say, claims that the
situation of French soil has not
changed, and it is emphatically denied
that the battle at any
point of the line is going in favor
of the allies.

Gafnia has been almost cleared
of Austrians, according to an an-
nouncement at Petrograd, and the
Russians, crossing the Carpathian
mountains, have entered Hun-
gary and are driving back the
Austrian reinforcements sent
against them. The invaders
swept across the mountains into
the Ungarh district, which is
about 180 miles northeast of
the capital.

Germans, estimated to number
150,000, are reported from Bot-
terdam to be preparing for a
siege of the Belgian fortress of
Antwerp.

Austrian siege guns have been
brought up to take the places of
the large German guns which are
now being used in the fighting in
the French district of Aisne. A
Belgian official communication
states that German heavy artillery
fire directed at two fortresses
one mile from Antwerp ceased
when the forts replied to the
bombardment.

The activity of the Zeppelin
dirigibles stretches over a wide
area. Six bombs were landed to-
day at two Belgian towns, in one
of which a convent was damaged,
and another German airship re-
turned a bomb at the town of Bi-
alystock, sixty miles across the
Polish frontier.

The Japanese are drawing the
military cordon closer around the
German territory of Kiau Chow,
in the Chinese province of Shan
Tung. An official Japanese
statement today announced that
the Japanese are driving the Ger-
mans toward Tsing Tau and that
the Japanese fleet, aided by the
army, has bombarded the hills

nearby.

Russia has extended the sus-
pension of specific payments for
another month.

Russia has extended the sus-
pension of specific payments for
another month.

Russia has extended the sus-
pension of specific payments for
another month.

Russia has extended the sus-
pension of specific payments for
another month.

Russia has extended the sus-
pension of specific payments for
another month.

BRYAN THINKS THE SITUATION MIGHT BE COMPOSED

Latest Advices from Mexico
Cause Administration to
Hope for Results from
Conference of Warring Leaders

ELIMINATION OF BOTH
CHIEF IS HOPEFUL

Meanwhile Washington's At-
titude Remains One of
Watchful Waiting. Re-
enforcements Ordered to
Guaymas Today.

Washington, Sept. 29.—Late to-
day Secretary Bryan said the
most recent dispatches from Mex-
ico indicate the situation might
be composed.

OPTIMISM PREVAILS TODAY
OVER HOPE OF SETTLEMENT

Washington, Sept. 29.—Develop-
ments in the Mexican situation today
warranted the outcome of the confer-
ence between Carranza and Villa leaders.

A feeling of optimism prevails
in administration circles where
men expect the elimination of both
Carranza and Villa as presidential
candidates would heal the breach and
make peace.

At the cabinet meeting the situa-
tion was discussed and Secretary
Bryan brought late dispatches from
the consular agents in Mexico. The
administrator's attitude was still de-
scribed as one of watchful waiting.

BRIEFLY FROM MANZANILLO
ORDERED TO GUAYMAS

Douglas, At. Sept. 29.—A brigade
from Manzanillo has been ordered to
Guaymas to participate in the Sonora
campaign, according to a message
from General Hill, the Carranza
commander at Nogales, which was re-
layed through here today. This force,
formerly commanded by General John
Cabrera, has been instructed to coop-
erate with the force of 10,000 men
under General Huerta, which is sup-
posed to be moving from Nogales.

Carranza officials at Aguas Prietas
received word today that the United
States authorities at Washington have
granted permission to General Hill to

send the wounded in the battle of
Guaymas to the United States.

It appears that practically all of
the incumbents in congress who
sought re-nominations were suc-
cessful.

(Continued on Page Two.)

SECOND ATTEMPT TO BURN NORMAL AT SILVER CITY

Another Fire Discovered Just
in Time Last Night; Author-
ities Say It Was of Incendi-
ary Origin.

El Paso, Tex., Sept. 29.—The
second attempt in two weeks
was made at Silver City, N. M.,
last night about 8 o'clock to burn
the New Mexico Normal school.
The fire was discovered in time
to prevent much damage being
done, which was done, each time. The officials
are certain that both fires were
of incendiary origin.

Santa Barbara, Friday, to Naco, Ar-
izona, or to this city, for treatment.

CATHOLIC SOCIETIES PROTEST
AGAINST MEXICAN RECOGNITION

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 29.—Follow-
ing a conference today with Cardinal
Gibbons, bishop in attendance on the
convention of the American Federation
of Catholic Societies adopted a report
protesting against the recognition
by the United States of any government
in Mexico that does not guarantee
religious liberty. This was later
adopted by the convention and it was
decided to send a delegation to
Washington this afternoon to lay the
whole matter of alleged atrocities on
Catholics in Mexico before President
Wilson.

The resolution, it is understood, de-
nounces the outrages which allies are
being perpetrated against Cath-
olics in Mexico; deplores "the silence
of the press" on the subject; calls on
this government to "right the wrongs"
and urges the president to recog-
nize any government in Mexico
which does not guarantee civil and
religious liberty in its fullest sense.

To facilitate this campaign the Jap-
anese landed in Chinese territory. At
this China protested but the protest
was ignored by Japan.

Recent dispatches from Peking said
the Chinese believed the Japanese in-
tended to capture all the railway sta-
tions to the west of Wei Hsien. Three
hundred Japanese cavalrymen left
Wei Hsien, recently, going west along
the railroad.

The above dispatch is the first indi-
cation that Chinese troops have taken
any active part in opposing the mili-
tary operations of the Japanese in
Shan Tung province in the latter's
war against the Germans in the
leased territory